House Study Bill 51 - Introduced

	HOUSE RESOLUTION NO
	BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION AND RULES
	RESOLUTION BY CHAIRPERSON SEXTON)
1	A Resolution relating to permanent rules of the House
2	of Representatives for the Eighty-seventh General
3	Assembly.
4	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, That
5	the permanent rules of the House for the Eighty-sixth
6	Eighty-seventh General Assembly be as follows:
7	DIVISION I - GENERAL RULES
8	Rule 1
9	Call to Order and Order of Business
10	The speaker shall take the chair at the hour to
11	which the house has adjourned, and shall immediately
12	call the house to order, correct the journal of the
13	previous day's proceedings, and proceed to other
14	business, including, but not limited to, introduction
15	of bills, reports, messages, communications, business
16	pending at adjournment, announcements, resolutions
17	and bills on their passage, and points of personal
18	privilege.
19	Rule 2
20	Quorum Call and Time of Convening
21	The house shall convene each Monday at 1:00 p.m.
22	and at 8:30 a.m. on all other legislative days, unless
23	otherwise ordered. The time of convening shall be
24	recorded in the journal. The house shall not convene
25	on Sunday during a regular or special session.
26	The speaker or a member may request a roll call to
27	determine if a quorum is present.

1 Rule 3 Absences from the House 3 No member shall be absent without leave while the 4 house is in session unless excused for good cause. Rule 4 6 Preservation of Order The speaker shall preserve order and decorum and 8 speak to points of order. Subject to an appeal to the 9 house by any member, the speaker shall decide questions 10 of order which shall not be debated. While recognized to speak in debate, a member 11 12 shall not use any visual aids to explain to others the 13 member's points in the debate without leave of the 14 speaker. 15 The speaker may have the chamber of the house 16 cleared in case of any disturbance or disorderly 17 conduct. 18 Only past legislators, state officials, persons 19 whose presence is deemed by the speaker to be of 20 special significance to the house, and school classes 21 accompanied by teachers and seated in the galleries 22 shall be introduced in the house. No person other than a member of the house shall be 23 24 allowed to speak from the floor of the house without 25 prior permission of the speaker. 26 The public may take photographs from the galleries 27 at any time. However, the use of flash bulbs or any 28 other artificial lighting is prohibited.

29

Members of the press may photograph from the press

30 box, but shall not use artificial lighting without

- 1 prior permission from the chief clerk of the house.
- 2 Photographs shall not be taken on the house floor when
- 3 the members are voting on a question put before the
- 4 house. Photographs or video recordings of the voting
- 5 boards shall not be taken while a nonrecord roll call
- 6 vote is displayed. Photographs may be taken on the
- 7 house floor at other times with the consent of the
- 8 subject or subjects of the photography.
- 9 Rule 4A
- 10 Use of Electronic Devices and Video Streaming in
- 11 Chamber
- 12 1. A person present in the house chamber while the
- 13 house is in order shall mute any cell phone, computer,
- 14 or other electronic device under the person's control.
- 15 The speaker may remove from the chamber any person
- 16 acting in violation of this rule.
- 17 2. A member shall not use a cell phone or other
- 18 electronic device to audibly transmit or receive
- 19 communications while recognized by the presiding
- 20 officer to speak in debate.
- 21 3. The speaker shall control the time, place,
- 22 and manner of use of the house's internet video
- 23 streaming system on the floor of the house and in the
- 24 visitors' galleries. However, the speaker shall not
- 25 edit, censor, or shut off the house's internet video
- 26 streaming system during debate on the floor of the
- 27 house.
- 28 Rule 5
- 29 Rules of Parliamentary Practice
- 30 The rules of parliamentary practice in Mason's

1 Manual of Legislative Procedure shall govern the house

- 2 in all cases where they are not inconsistent with the
- 3 standing rules of the house, joint rules of the house
- 4 and senate, or customary practice of the house.
- 5 Rule 5A
- 6 House Budget
- 7 The speaker of the house shall annually prepare a
- 8 proposed budget for the house of representatives for
- 9 the payment of expenses, salaries, per diems, and other
- 10 items. The proposed budget shall be submitted on the
- 11 fourteenth day of each legislative session to the house
- 12 administration and rules committee, which shall approve
- 13 a proposed budget in house resolution form. The house
- 14 shall adopt a budget prior to adjournment.
- 15 Rule 6
- 16 The Speaker Pro Tempore
- 17 The house shall, at its pleasure, elect a speaker
- 18 pro tempore. When the speaker shall for any cause be
- 19 absent, the speaker pro tempore shall preside, except
- 20 when the chair is filled by appointment by either
- 21 the speaker or the speaker pro tempore. If a vacancy
- 22 occurs in the office of speaker, the speaker pro
- 23 tempore shall assume the duties and responsibilities
- 24 of the speaker until such time as the house shall elect
- 25 a new speaker. The speaker or the speaker pro tempore
- 26 shall have the right to name any member to perform the
- 27 duties of speaker, but such substitution shall not
- 28 extend beyond the adjournment. The acts of the speaker
- 29 pro tempore shall have the same validity as those of
- 30 the speaker. In the absence of both the speaker and

- 1 the speaker pro tempore, the house shall name a speaker
- 2 who shall preside over it and perform all the duties of
- 3 the speaker with the exception of signing bills, until
- 4 such time as the speaker or speaker pro tempore shall
- 5 be present, and the person's acts shall have the same
- 6 force and validity as those of the regularly elected
- 7 speaker.
- 8 Rule 7
- 9 Amendment of Rules
- 10 A motion to change or rescind a standing rule or
- 11 order of the house requires one day's notice.
- 12 Rule 8
- 13 Violation of House Rules
- 14 The speaker shall, or any member may, call to order
- 15 a member who violates the rules of the house. With
- 16 leave of the house, the member called to order may be
- 17 permitted to explain. If the case requires it, the
- 18 member shall be subject to censure of the house.
- 19 Rule 9
- 20 Referral of Rule Violations
- 21 The speaker shall, upon complaint of a member,
- 22 or upon the speaker's own motion, refer any alleged
- 23 violation of house or joint rules by house members,
- 24 employees or staff to the house ethics committee upon
- 25 an initial finding that an investigation is warranted.
- 26 The ethics committee shall investigate such
- 27 allegations and report them back to the house with a
- 28 recommendation.
- 29 Rule 10
- 30 Recognition and Decorum in Debate

- 1 A member who wishes to speak in debate shall be
- 2 appropriately attired, with male members wearing coat
- 3 or tie. After recognition by the chair, a member
- 4 shall respectfully address the presiding officer
- 5 by saying "Mr. or Madam Speaker". A member shall
- 6 confine all remarks to the question under debate,
- 7 shall be respectful of other members, and shall avoid
- 8 referencing or questioning the motives of another
- 9 member.
- 10 Rule 11
- ll Limit on Debate
- 12 No member shall speak more than once on the same
- 13 question without leave of the speaker, nor more than
- 14 twice until every member choosing to speak has spoken,
- 15 except as provided in Rule 81. A member shall be
- 16 limited to ten minutes debate on bills, resolutions,
- 17 and amendments, but may be granted an extension of time
- 18 by consent of the house. However, the floor manager
- 19 of a bill or resolution and the lead sponsor of an
- 20 amendment may exceed the ten-minute limit on opening
- 21 and closing remarks.
- 22 Rule 12
- 23 Decorum During Debate
- No member shall leave the house while the speaker
- 25 is putting a question. No one shall pass between the
- 26 speaker and a member who is speaking or two members who
- 27 have been recognized by the speaker.
- 28 Rule 13
- 29 Stating the Question
- 30 When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the

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1 speaker. A motion made in writing shall be passed to
 2 the speaker's station before it is debated.
 3
                           Rule 14
                    Putting the Question
      Questions shall be distinctly put in this form:
 6 "All those in favor of (the question) shall say 'aye';"
7 and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "All
8 those opposed to (the question) shall say `no'."
9 If the speaker is in doubt or a member of the house
10 requests, a nonrecord roll call vote shall be taken.
11
            DIVISION II - EMPLOYEES OF THE HOUSE
12
                           Rule 15
13
                  Chief Clerk of the House
14
      The chief clerk of the house shall serve as
15 parliamentarian and chief administrative officer of the
16 house under the direction of the speaker of the house.
17 The chief clerk shall supervise the chief clerk's
18 office; be responsible for the custody and safekeeping
19 of all bills, resolutions, and amendments filed,
20 except when they are in the custody of a committee;
21 have charge of the daily journal; have control of all
22 rooms assigned for the use of the house; attest to the
23 accuracy and correctness of text and action on bills
24 and resolutions; process the handling of amendments
25 when filed and during the floor consideration of bills;
26 insert adopted amendments into bills before transmittal
27 to the senate and prior to final enrollment; supervise
28 legislative printing and the distribution of printed
29 material; and perform all other duties pertaining to
30 the office of the chief clerk.
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Т	Rule 16
2	Legislative and Session Days
3	For purposes of these rules, a legislative day is a
4	day when the house is called to order. A legislative
5	day that runs past midnight is not considered a new
6	legislative day. A session day is any calendar day
7	beginning with the convening of the annual regular
8	session and ending with adjournment sine die.
9	Rule 17
10	Sergeant-At-Arms
11	The sergeant-at-arms shall execute all orders of
12	the house and the presiding officer; perform all
13	assigned duties related to the policing and good order
L 4	of the house; supervise the entrance and exit of all
15	persons to and from the chamber; promptly execute all
16	messages, etc.; provide that the chamber is properly
17	ventilated and open for the use of the members; and
18	$\hbox{perform all other services pertaining to the office of}\\$
19	sergeant-at-arms.
20	Rule 18
21	Secretaries
22	Each member may hire a secretary for the legislative
23	session who shall be under the general direction of the
24	member and the chief clerk. Secretaries shall be on
25	duty at the house from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday
26	through Thursday and on other legislative days when
27	required by the chief clerk, except when excused by the
28	member for whom the secretary works. Secretaries shall
29	perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the
3.0	member or the chief clerk.

1 Rule 19 Extra Compensation of Employees 3 No employee shall receive any extra compensation, 4 except as provided by the house, or tips for services 5 performed while on duty. Any violation of this rule 6 shall be grounds for removal. DIVISION III - VISITORS AND LOBBYISTS 8 Rule 20 9 Admission to the House; Lobbying 10 The chamber of the house shall include the 11 vestibule, restrooms, bill room, lounge, visitors' 12 galleries, and floor of the house. The floor of the house shall consist of the 13 14 area between the north and south walls, including 15 the representatives' desks, the press box, and the 16 speaker's station, but excluding the visitors' 17 galleries. During a legislative day while the house is in 18 19 order, no member of the general assembly or legislative 20 employee or intern shall be admitted to the floor of 21 the house if attired in jeans of any color without 22 leave of the speaker. During a legislative day while the house is in 23 24 order, and one-half hour before the house convenes and 25 one-half hour after the house recesses or adjourns, 26 no person shall be admitted to the floor of the house 27 except: Members of the general assembly and authorized 29 legislative employees in the performance of their 30 duties.

- Former members of the general assembly who are
 not registered lobbyists.
- 3. A general assembly member's family.
- Representatives of the press, radio, and
- 5 television who shall go directly to and from the press 6 box.
- Legislative interns registered with the chief
- 8 clerk who shall go directly to and from the seat of
- 9 their assigned representative or to be seated in the
- 10 perimeter seating area.
- 11 6. Designated representatives of a political party
- 12 having members serving in the house.
- 7. Members of the state executive council, the
- 14 lieutenant governor, the attorney general, the
- 15 governor's executive assistants and administrative
- 16 assistants, and the administrative rules coordinator,
- 17 all of whom shall be confined to the perimeter area.
- 18 The current status of former members of the general
- 19 assembly shall govern their access to the floor under
- 20 these rules.
- 21 No other persons shall be allowed on the house floor
- 22 while the house is in order without permission of the
- 23 presiding officer of the house. When the house is not
- 24 in order, guests of a member of the general assembly
- 25 escorted by that member shall be allowed on the house
- 26 floor.
- 27 No person admitted to the floor of the house while
- 28 the house is in order, except members of the general
- 29 assembly, shall lobby or attempt to exercise any
- 30 influence with any member for or against any matter

- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{l}}$ then pending or that may thereafter be considered by
- 2 the house.
- 3 A registered lobbyist shall not be admitted to
- 4 the floor of the house on any legislative day except
- 5 for ceremonial purposes or for attendance at public
- 6 hearings.
- 7 A lobbyist who represents the position of a state
- 8 government agency, in which the person serves or is
- 9 employed as the designated representative for purposes
- 10 of encouraging the passage or defeat of legislation,
- ll shall file with the chief clerk of the house a
- 12 statement of the general subjects of legislation in
- 13 which the lobbyist is or may be interested, but shall
- 14 not lobby for or against a bill, resolution, or study
- 15 bill unless the lobbyist does so with the written
- 16 authorization and on behalf of a statewide elected
- 17 or retained official. The official's writing may
- 18 authorize the lobbyist to register and lobby for or
- 19 against any or all bills in which the lobbyist is
- 20 or may be interested or may restrict the lobbyist
- 21 to register and lobby for or against only some bills
- 22 in which the lobbyist is or may be interested. The
- 23 written authorizations shall be filed with the chief
- 24 clerk, according to a procedure established by the
- 25 clerk for the filing of the authorizations and for
- 26 making them available to the public, by the following
- 27 statewide elected or retained official for the
- 28 following offices, departments, agencies, and branch:
- 29 By the attorney general, auditor of state, secretary
- 30 of state, and treasurer of state, for their respective

- 1 offices.
- 2 By the secretary of agriculture, for the department
- 3 of agriculture and land stewardship.
- 4 By the chairperson of the ethics and campaign
- 5 disclosure board, for the executive director, legal
- 6 counsel, and other employees of the board.
- 7 By the governor, for all other executive branch
- 8 offices and departments.
- 9 By the chief justice of the supreme court, for the
- 10 judicial branch.
- 11 Each member, employee of the house, and registered
- 12 lobbyist may report violations of this rule immediately
- 13 to the sergeant-at-arms or the chief clerk.
- 14 Any person for cause may be summarily dismissed
- 15 from the chamber of the house, by action of the house,
- 16 and may forfeit that person's right to admission
- 17 thereafter.
- 18 Rule 20A
- 19 Legislative Interns
- 20 A member may appoint one or more interns who shall
- 21 register with the chief clerk. Only one legislative
- 22 intern per member of the house is allowed on the floor
- 23 of the house at any one time.
- 24 Rule 21
- 25 Distribution of Literature and Other Items
- No person except a member or employee of the house
- 27 of representatives shall distribute or cause to be
- 28 distributed any pamphlets, material, or other printed
- 29 literature, or any other items to the members' desks
- 30 in the house without authorization. An employee

- 1 of the house shall generally distribute or cause
- 2 to be distributed such literature or items only on
- 3 behalf of the employee's office or staff. Items which
- 4 are permissible gifts under chapter 68B of the Code
- 5 may be distributed to the members' desks with the
- 6 authorization of the chief clerk.
- 7 All copies of pamphlets, material, or printed
- 8 literature distributed by a member or employee of the
- 9 house of representatives shall bear the name of the
- 10 member or employee's office or staff.
- 11 Other distributions of pamphlets, material, or
- 12 other printed literature shall bear their source of
- 13 origin and be distributed through the legislative
- 14 post office or to the members' desks by completing
- 15 a form containing a member's or the chief clerk's
- 16 authorization, with the authorization form filed with
- 17 the chief clerk. The authorization form shall be
- 18 retained for a reasonable time period by the chief
- 19 clerk.
- 20 Rule 22
- 21 Distribution of Materials Printed by the State
- 22 A member of the house shall not distribute maps,
- 23 books, and pamphlets which have been printed by the
- 24 state of Iowa and upon which the name of the member
- 25 of the house has been affixed unless the member has
- 26 purchased the materials or unless the member has
- 27 affixed the words "Paid for by the citizens of Iowa and
- 28 distributed by representative (member's name)."
- 29 DIVISION IV FORMS AND PROCEDURES FOR BILLS AND OTHER
- 30 DOCUMENTS

Т	Rule 23
2	Documents Signed by the Speaker
3	All acts and joint resolutions shall be signed by
4	the speaker, and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas
5	issued by order of the house, shall be signed by the
6	speaker and attested by the chief clerk. The speaker
7	shall cause certificates of recognition or condolence
8	to be issued by the house which shall be signed by
9	the speaker and the chief clerk. The chief clerk
10	shall maintain a list of certificates issued including
11	the name of the requesting member of the house, the
12	name of the recipient, the reason for recognition or
13	condolence, and the date of issuance.
14	Rule 24
15	Presentation of Petitions
16	All petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed
17	to the house shall be signed by the member and filed
18	with the chief clerk. The receipt of petitions shall
19	be noted in the journal and such petitions shall be
20	available in the office of the chief clerk. At the
21	conclusion of each general assembly, the chief clerk
22	may dispose of petitions received during that general
23	assembly.
24	Rule 25
25	Consideration of Simple and Concurrent Resolutions
26	Action on a simple or concurrent resolution, except
27	a memorial resolution, shall not be taken until one day
28	after the resolution has been placed on the members'
29	desks. After the resolution is adopted, the chief
30	clerk shall have the resolution printed in the compiled

- 1 journal and shall transmit certified copies of the
- 2 resolution as directed.
- 3 Rule 26
- 4 Unanimous Consent Calendar
- 5 The speaker may, upon the request of three members,
- 6 place on a unanimous consent calendar any house
- 7 resolution or concurrent resolution which does not
- 8 contain an appropriation and which has been laid over
- 9 under Rule 25.
- 10 If such resolution is placed on the unanimous
- 11 consent calendar, it may be removed only upon a written
- 12 request submitted to the speaker by a member of the
- 13 house.
- 14 If not removed after five legislative days, the
- 15 chief clerk shall call up the resolution and without
- 16 debate the speaker shall pronounce that it has passed
- 17 by unanimous consent.
- 18 If the resolution is removed from the unanimous
- 19 consent calendar, the speaker may again lay the
- 20 resolution over under Rule 25, place it on a different
- 21 calendar, or refer the resolution to any of the
- 22 standing committees of the house.
- 23 Rule 26A
- 24 Senate Bills and Resolutions
- 25 A senate bill or resolution may be referred to a
- 26 standing committee or passed on file.
- 27 Rule 27
- 28 Forms of Bills and Joint Resolutions
- 29 Every house bill shall be introduced by one or more
- 30 members or by any standing or specially authorized

- 1 committee of the house or the administrative rules
- 2 review committee. All bills and joint resolutions
- 3 introduced shall be prepared by the legislative
- 4 services agency with title, enacting clause, text
- 5 and explanation as directed by the chief clerk of the
- 6 house. One copy of each bill shall be presented in a
- 7 bill cover with the number of copies of the bill and
- 8 the title as directed by the chief clerk.
- 9 Rule 28
- Joint and Nullification Resolutions
- Joint resolutions shall be framed and treated as
- 12 bills.
- 13 A "nullification resolution" is a joint resolution
- 14 which nullifies all of an administrative rule, or
- 15 a severable item of an administrative rule adopted
- 16 pursuant to chapter 17A of the Code. A nullification
- 17 resolution shall not amend an administrative rule by
- 18 adding language or by inserting new language in lieu of
- 19 existing language.
- 20 A nullification resolution may be introduced by an
- 21 individual, a standing committee or the administrative
- 22 rules review committee, and may be referred to a
- 23 standing committee. A nullification resolution is
- 24 debatable, but cannot be amended on the floor of the
- 25 house.
- 26 Rule 29
- 27 Time of Introduction of Bills
- 28 No bill or joint resolution under individual
- 29 sponsorship, other than a nullification resolution,
- 30 shall be read for the first time after 4:30 p.m. on

- 1 Friday of the fifth week of the first regular session
- 2 of the general assembly unless a formal request for
- 3 drafting the bill has been filed with the legislative
- 4 services agency before that time.
- 5 After adjournment of the first regular session,
- 6 bills may be prefiled at any time before the convening
- 7 of the second regular session. No bill or joint
- 8 resolution under individual sponsorship, other than a
- 9 nullification resolution, shall be read for the first
- 10 time after 4:30 p.m. on Friday of the second week of
- 11 the second regular session of the general assembly
- 12 unless a formal request for drafting the bill has been
- 13 filed with the legislative services agency before that
- 14 time.
- 15 However, bills or joint resolutions sponsored
- 16 by standing committees or the administrative rules
- 17 review committee, co-sponsored by the majority and
- 18 minority floor leaders, or companion bills sponsored
- 19 by the house majority leader and the senate majority
- 20 leader may be drafted and introduced at any time
- 21 permissible under Joint Rule 20. House, concurrent,
- 22 and nullification resolutions may be introduced at any
- 23 time.
- 24 Rule 30
- 25 Introduction and Reading of Bills
- 26 All bills and resolutions to be introduced in the
- 27 house shall be prepared in proper form and filed
- 28 with the chief clerk no later than 4:30 p.m. on the
- 29 legislative day preceding its introduction.
- 30 Every bill shall receive two readings but no bill

- 1 shall receive its first and last readings on the same 2 day.
- 3 A "reading of a bill" as required by these rules
- 4 shall consist of a reading of the title and enacting
- 5 clause.
- 6 Rule 31
- 7 First Reading, Commitment, and Amendment
- 8 1. A bill is introduced into the house by an
- 9 initial or "first reading of the bill".
- 10 2. When the house is in session the first reading
- 11 shall consist of a "reading" as provided in Rule 30.
- 12 3. Upon a first reading of the bill, the speaker
- 13 shall state that it is ready for commitment or
- 14 amendment; and the speaker shall commit it to the
- 15 standing or select committee, or to a committee of the
- 16 whole house. If to a committee of the whole house, the
- 17 house shall determine on what day.
- 18 4. On a nonlegislative day the speaker may cause a
- 19 statement, which shall consist of the title, enacting
- 20 clause, bill number and committee to which the bill
- 21 is referred, to be published in the house journal.
- 22 This publication shall constitute a first reading and
- 23 commitment and shall contain the notation "read and
- 24 committed under Rule 31".
- 25 5. All amendments offered to bills and resolutions
- 26 shall be accompanied by such copies as the chief clerk
- 27 shall direct.
- 28 6. Such amendments shall give the number of
- 29 the bill sought to amend and the chief clerk shall
- 30 designate each such amendment thus: Amendment to

1 House File _____, or Senate File _____, by

- 7. A bill reported out by committee shall go to the speaker who shall direct that the bill be placed on the regular calendar unless it covers subject matter more properly within the jurisdiction of some other standing committee, in which case the speaker shall may refer the bill to the proper standing committee. In order to expedite important business and set a definite time for the bill's consideration, the speaker may direct the bill to be placed on the special order calendar.
- 8. No amendment to the rules of the house, to any 13 resolution or bill, except technical amendments and 14 amendments to bills substituted for by senate files 15 containing substantially identical title, language, 16 subject matter, purpose and intrasectional arrangement, 17 shall be considered by the membership of the house 18 without a copy of the amendment having been filed with 19 the chief clerk by 4:00 p.m. or within one-half hour of 20 adjournment, whichever is later, on the day preceding 21 floor debate on the amendment. If the house adjourns 22 prior to 2:00 p.m. on Friday, the final deadline is two 23 hours after adjournment. However, committee amendments 24 filed pursuant to the submission of the committee 25 report may be accepted after this deadline. 26 provision shall not apply to any proposal debated on 27 the floor of the house after the thirteenth week of 28 the first session and the twelfth week of the second 29 session. No amendment or amendment to an amendment

30 to a bill, rule of the house, or resolution shall be

- 1 considered by the membership of the house without
- 2 a copy of the amendment being on the desks of the
- 3 entire membership of the house prior to consideration.
- 4 However, the membership of the house may consider an
- 5 amendment or an amendment to an amendment to a bill,
- 6 rule of the house, or resolution without a copy of the
- 7 amendment being on the desks of the entire membership
- 8 of the house prior to consideration if a copy of the
- 9 amendment is made available to the entire membership of
- 10 the house electronically.
- 11 Rule 32
- 12 Commitment of Appropriation and Revenue Bills
- 13 All bills to appropriate money shall be referred to
- 14 the appropriations committee, and all bills pertaining
- 15 to the levy, assessment, or collection of taxes or fees
- 16 shall be referred to the committee on ways and means.
- 17 Rule 33
- 18 Regular Calendar
- 19 Bills, nullification resolutions, and joint
- 20 resolutions reported out for passage, amendment and
- 21 passage, or without recommendation by a committee,
- 22 or passed on file shall be arranged on a regular
- 23 calendar by the chief clerk each day and electronically
- 24 distributed to the members at the opening of each
- 25 legislative day. The regular calendar shall include
- 26 a list of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint
- 27 resolutions which have been special ordered, including
- 28 the date upon which debate is scheduled to begin
- 29 on each of them, which shall be no sooner than five
- 30 session days from the first date of publication on the

Τ	regular calendar.
2	Rule 34
3	Daily Debate Calendar
4	The majority floor leadership shall cause to
5	be prepared and distributed to the members at the
6	opening of each legislative day when floor action is
7	scheduled, a daily debate calendar consisting of bills,
8	nullification resolutions, and joint resolutions from
9	the regular calendar setting forth the number and
10	title of bills, nullification resolutions, and joint
11	resolutions for the next legislative day that floor
12	action is scheduled.
13	This rule does not apply to bills which have passed
14	both houses in different forms, reconsiderations, or
15	veto reconsiderations.
16	Rule 35
17	Substitution of Bills
18	A senate bill or resolution may be substituted
19	for an identical house bill or resolution which has
20	been called up for debate. An amendment to a senate
21	bill or resolution which has been substituted for an
22	identical house bill or resolution is out of order if
23	an identical amendment to the house bill or resolution
24	was considered.
25	Rule 36
26	Consideration of Committee Amendments
27	After a bill has been referred and reported back,
28	it shall be considered on its first reading after the
29	amendments of the committee have been read.
30	Rule 37

1 Amendments to Special Order Bills All amendments to bills which have been special 3 ordered shall be filed at least three session days 4 prior to the date set for debate. Amendments to an 5 amendment shall be filed at least two session days 6 prior to the date set for debate. However, corrective 7 amendments and amendments sponsored by either the 8 majority floor leader or the minority floor leader may 9 be filed at any time. Rule 31, subsection 8, shall not 10 apply to these amendments. A corrective amendment is an amendment which does 12 not substantively change the amendment or the bill. 13 Rule 38 14 Germane Amendments 15 An amendment must be germane to the subject matter 16 of the bill it seeks to amend. An amendment to an 17 amendment must be germane to both the amendment and the 18 bill it seeks to amend. When a member objects to an 19 amendment on grounds that the amendment is not germane, 20 the speaker may invite members, who shall include the 21 majority and minority leaders, to the speaker's station 22 to discuss the objection. 23 Rule 39 24 Consideration of Bills 25 Bills, including committee bills, joint resolutions, 26 and nullification resolutions, reported out for 27 passage, for amendment and passage, or without 28 recommendation by the committee, are first eligible to 29 be acted upon beginning the third legislative day they 30 appear on the regular calendar.

- 1 Committee reports shall be printed in the journal
- 2 immediately after they are filed with the chief clerk.
- 3 Reports recommending bills, joint resolutions, and
- 4 nullification resolutions for passage, for amendment
- 5 and passage, or without recommendation shall stand
- 6 approved unless written objections are filed during
- 7 the first legislative day following their printing in
- 8 the journal. If objections are filed, they shall be
- 9 disposed of as soon as possible.
- 10 Rule 40
- 11 Consideration of Bills Upon Last Reading
- 12 No amendment, unless by way of correcting an error
- 13 or omission, shall be received to any bill on its last
- 14 reading, and no debate shall be allowed on it.
- 15 Rule 41
- 16 Printing of Bills and Joint Resolutions
- 17 Bills and joint resolutions shall be printed in form
- 18 as provided by law and by rule. Each house may direct
- 19 the printing of an additional number of its own bills.
- 20 Legalizing bills of a local or private nature shall
- 21 be printed in bill form and placed in the files of the
- 22 members, the same as other bills, in the order of their
- 23 introduction. The cost of printing shall be deposited
- 24 with the treasurer of state in advance at a rate to be
- 25 fixed, and the newspaper publication of the bill shall
- 26 be without cost to the state. No legalizing act may
- 27 be introduced until all provisions of law have been
- 28 complied with.
- 29 Rule 42
- 30 Certification and Engrossment of Bills

- 1 The chief clerk shall certify the passage of each
- 2 bill and note the date of its passage.
- 3 In engrossing a bill, the chief clerk shall
- 4 correct all obvious typographical, spelling, or other
- 5 clerical errors and change section subunit numbers
- 6 and letters and internal references as required to
- 7 conform the original bill to any amendments which have
- 8 been adopted. The chief clerk shall report all such
- 9 corrections or changes in the journal. The engrossed
- 10 bill shall be placed in the bill file with the original
- 11 bill and amendments.
- 12 Rule 43
- 13 Rereferral
- 14 A bill may be rereferred by the speaker or, upon
- 15 motion, by the house at any time before its passage and
- 16 after the report of its referral to committee.
- 17 Rule 44
- 18 Effect of Indefinite Postponement
- 19 When a question is indefinitely postponed, it shall
- 20 not be acted upon again during that session.
- 21 Rule 45
- 22 Status of Bills Following First Regular Session
- 23 Except for those bills which have been adopted by
- 24 both houses in different forms, all bills which have
- 25 not been withdrawn, defeated or indefinitely postponed,
- 26 shall be rereferred to committee upon adjournment of
- 27 the first regular session. Within seven days after
- 28 the first committee meeting following convening of
- 29 the second regular session, the committee chair shall
- 30 submit the bill to the full committee for action or the

1	chair shall reassign the bill to a subcommittee.
2	DIVISION V — COMMITTEE PROCEDURES
3	Rule 46
4	Appointment of Committees
5	All committees shall be appointed by the speaker,
6	unless otherwise especially directed by the house.
7	Minority party members of a committee shall be
8	appointed by the speaker upon recommendation of the
9	minority leader.
10	Rule 47
11	Reserved
12	Rule 48
13	Study Bills
14	A study bill is any matter which a member of
15	the house wishes to have considered by a standing
16	committee, other than appropriations, without being
17	introduced in the house by a first reading. A
18	study bill shall be prepared in proper form by the
19	legislative services agency prior to submission.
20	Upon taking possession of a study bill, the
21	committee chair shall notify the speaker and then
22	submit four copies of the bill to the legal counsel's
23	office for numbering.
24	A study bill shall bear the name of the member who
25	wishes to have the bill considered. A study bill
26	submitted by a state agency or board for consideration
27	shall bear the name of the state agency or board. A
28	committee chair may submit a study bill in the name of
29	that committee.
30	Final committee action on a study bill shall not be

- 1 taken until one day following the notation of the study
- 2 bill assignment in the house journal.
- Rule 49
- 4 Committee Meetings
- 5 No committee, except a conference committee or the
- 6 administrative rules review committee, shall meet
- 7 while the house is in session without special leave.
- 8 Committees with overlapping memberships shall not meet
- 9 at the same time without special leave.
- 10 Rule 50
- 11 Smoking Prohibited
- 12 Smoking shall not be permitted in the house or in
- 13 any area of the capitol building.
- 14 Rule 51
- 15 Assignments to Subcommittee
- 16 The chair of the committee shall report to the house
- 17 the bill number of each bill assigned to subcommittee
- 18 and the names of the subcommittee members. The report
- 19 shall be printed in the journal.
- 20 All bills, prior to consideration by the committee,
- 21 shall be referred by the chair to a subcommittee,
- 22 unless acted upon by a committee of the whole.
- 23 The chair may assign bills to subcommittees without
- 24 a meeting of the committee, but the membership of the
- 25 subcommittee so appointed shall be reported at the next
- 26 meeting of the committee.
- 27 Rule 52
- 28 Open Meetings
- 29 Standing committee meetings shall be open, and
- 30 voting by secret ballot is prohibited. The committee

- 1 on administration and rules may close its meetings to
- 2 evaluate the professional competency of an individual.
- 3 Rule 53
- 4 Quorum and Vote Requirements
- 5 The committee roll shall be taken at the convening
- 6 of each meeting to determine the presence of a quorum.
- 7 A majority of the committee membership shall constitute
- 8 a quorum.
- 9 An affirmative vote of a majority of the committee
- 10 membership is required to report a bill out of
- 11 committee or to suspend a committee rule.
- 12 A motion to reconsider may be made only by a
- 13 committee member who voted on the prevailing side of
- 14 the question sought to be reconsidered. A motion to
- 15 reconsider may only be made prior to the adjournment of
- 16 the committee meeting at which the bill was reported
- 17 out.
- 18 If a member, who is in the committee room when a
- 19 question to report a bill out of committee is put, has
- 20 not asked to be excused prior to commencing to take
- 21 the vote on the question, the member shall vote aye
- 22 or nay unless the committee has excused the member for
- 23 special reasons. However, a member may pass on the
- 24 first taking of the roll call on the question but shall
- 25 vote aye or nay when the member's name is called for a
- 26 second time.
- 27 Rule 54
- 28 Committee Attendance Record and Report of Committee
- 29 Form
- 30 1. A committee attendance record shall be filed

- 1 with the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two
- 2 hours after the house convenes, whichever is later,
- 3 of the legislative day immediately following the day
- 4 of the committee meeting. The committee attendance
- 5 record is a public record and may be published in the
- 6 journal. The committee attendance record shall include
- 7 the following information:
- 8 a. The time the meeting convened.
- 9 b. The members present at the meeting.
- 10 c. The time the meeting adjourned.
- 11 d. A list of bills receiving final committee
- 12 disposition.
- 2. A report of committee form shall be filed with
- 14 the chief clerk no later than 10:00 a.m. or two hours
- 15 after the house convenes, whichever is later, of the
- 16 legislative day immediately following the day of the
- 17 committee meeting for each study bill, numbered bill
- 18 or resolution receiving final committee disposition.
- 19 The report of committee form is a public record and
- 20 a report of committee action shall be printed in the
- 21 journal. The report of committee form shall include
- 22 the following information:
- 23 a. The committee action taken.
- 24 b. The committee amendment number, if any.
- 25 c. The roll call vote of the committee on final
- 26 disposition.
- 27 d. The minority recommendation, if any.
- 3. Upon final adjournment of the first session
- 29 and final adjournment of the second session of the
- 30 general assembly, the chair of each committee shall

- 1 have placed the committee's book of record containing
- 2 minutes, record roll calls on final disposition, record
- 3 roll call votes on any amendments considered, rules,
- 4 etc., with the chief clerk for access of any interested
- 5 person.
- 6 Rule 55
- 7 Minority Recommendation
- 8 The minority of the members of a committee may
- 9 present its recommendations on the final disposition
- 10 of a bill to the house by attaching its recommendation
- 11 to the committee report. The minority recommendation
- 12 shall be noted in the journal along with the committee
- 13 report.
- 14 Rule 56
- 15 Committee Amendment
- 16 Whenever a committee amendment is proposed which
- 17 would amend another committee amendment, the amendment
- 18 shall be drafted in the form of a substitute amendment
- 19 and shall be considered as such.
- 20 Rule 57
- 21 Committee Notice and Agenda
- 22 Each committee shall prepare and publish a notice
- 23 and agenda of each committee meeting at least one
- 24 legislative day prior to the meeting. The notice and
- 25 agenda may be placed on the desks of or transmitted
- 26 electronically to committee members.
- 27 The notice shall contain the committee name, the
- 28 date, time, and location of the meeting.
- 29 The agenda shall contain the matters to be
- 30 discussed, including a list of bills, joint

- 1 resolutions, nullification resolutions, and study
- 2 bills by number. The agenda should contain the names
- 3 of individuals who are scheduled to appear before the
- 4 committee and the organization which they represent.
- 5 A bill, joint resolution, nullification resolution,
- 6 or study bill shall not be reported out of committee if
- 7 the bill was not included in the published notice and
- 8 agenda unless this rule is suspended by a majority of
- 9 the total membership of the committee.
- 10 A committee chair may call a meeting without
- 11 providing the required notice and agenda upon leave
- 12 of the house if a notice is either electronically
- 13 transmitted to committee members or placed on the desks
- 14 of committee members.
- 15 Rule 58
- 16 Clearing of Committee Room
- 17 The chair of a committee may clear the committee
- 18 room in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct.
- 19 Rule 58A
- 20 Use of Telephonic or Electronic Devices in Committee
- 21 Rooms Restricted
- 22 l. In any committee room while a standing committee
- 23 is in session:
- 24 a. A person shall mute any cell phone, computer, or
- 25 other electronic device under the person's control.
- 26 b. A person shall not use a cell phone or other
- 27 electronic device to audibly transmit or receive
- 28 communications.
- 29 2. The chair or acting chair of a standing
- 30 committee may clear the committee room of any person

1 acting in violation of this rule. Rule 59 3 Committee Amendments All amendments to a bill or resolution adopted in 5 committee shall be incorporated in a single committee 6 amendment or incorporated in a new committee bill. Rule 60 8 Withdrawal of Bills, Joint Resolutions, or Nullification Resolutions From Committee 9 10 A bill, joint resolution, or nullification 11 resolution which has been in committee for eighteen 12 legislative days following notation of such referral 13 in the journal may be withdrawn from the committee and 14 placed on the calendar by an affirmative vote of not 15 less than fifty-one members of the house. 16 Rule 61 Committee Public Hearings 17 18 The chair of a committee may call a public hearing 19 for the purpose of receiving public comment on any 20 matter within the purview of the committee. 21 The chair shall call a public hearing upon the 22 written request of committee members according to 23 committee rules, but no more than one-third of the 24 committee members shall be required. A public hearing shall not be called or requested 26 after final action on the bill, joint resolution, 27 or nullification resolution has been taken by the 28 committee. However, a public hearing called or 29 requested before final action has been taken by the 30 committee may be held after final action on the bill,

- 1 joint resolution, or nullification resolution has been
- 2 taken by the committee.
- 3 The chair shall designate a time and place for a
- 4 public hearing and provide public notice at least five
- 5 days prior to a public hearing.
- 6 A bill, joint resolution, or nullification
- 7 resolution for which a public hearing has been called
- 8 can be voted to the calendar but cannot be debated
- 9 until after the public hearing has been held. If a
- 10 bill, joint resolution, or nullification resolution
- 11 for which a public hearing has been called is not
- 12 debated by the house during the session in which it
- 13 is introduced, the request for the public hearing is
- 14 deemed to have lapsed upon adjournment sine die of that
- 15 session.
- 16 However, public hearings which have been requested
- 17 during or after the 9th week of the first session and
- 18 during or after the 7th week of the second session must
- 19 be held within four legislative days of the date of the
- 20 request.
- 21 Rule 62
- 22 Limitation on Filing of Claims
- 23 All claims shall be referred to the appropriations
- 24 committee. A claim referred to the appropriations
- 25 committee in a prior session of the general assembly
- 26 shall not be considered by the appropriations
- 27 committee or by the house unless it has been
- 28 specifically referred to this session by a vote of the
- 29 appropriations committee. The appropriations committee
- 30 is authorized to set a definite date each session after

1 which it will not receive claims or claim bills for 2 consideration. 3 DIVISION VI - COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE Rule 63 Organization of Committee of the Whole In forming the committee of the whole house, the 7 speaker shall appoint a member to preside in committee 8 and then leave the chair. 9 Rule 64 10 Rules in Committee of the Whole The rules of the house shall be observed in 11 12 committee of the whole house, so far as they are 13 applicable. 14 Rule 65 Bills in Committee of the Whole 15 16 Bills committed to the committee of the whole house 17 shall first be debated by section. After the report 18 of the committee of the whole, the bill shall again be 19 subject to debate and amendment before a vote is had on 20 its last reading and passage. Rule 66 21 22 Amendments by Committee of the Whole 23 All amendments made to a report committed to a 24 committee of the whole house shall be noted and 25 reported as in the case of bills. 26 DIVISION VII - MOTIONS 27 Rule 67 28 Order and Precedence of Motions 29 The following order of motions, listed in order 30 of precedence, shall govern when a question is under

1 debate:

- 2 l. Adjourn.
- 3 2. Recess.
- Questions of privilege.
- 5 4. Lay on the table.
- 6 5. Previous question.
- 6. Limit debate.
- Postpone definitely or to a certain time.
- 9 8. Refer or rerefer.
- 10 9. Defer.
- 11 10. Amend an amendment.
- 12 11. Amend.
- 13 12. Postpone indefinitely.
- 14 A motion to postpone definitely or to a certain
- 15 time, to refer or commit, or to postpone indefinitely a
- 16 particular question shall not be considered more than
- 17 once on the same day.
- 18 Adoption of a motion to strike the enacting words is
- 19 equivalent to rejection of the question.
- 20 Rule 68
- 21 Order of Consideration of Amendments
- 22 Amendments shall be considered by earliest position
- 23 in the bill. Amendments to the same place in the bill
- 24 shall be considered by the lowest amendment number. An
- 25 amendment which inserts language after a line and an
- 26 amendment which inserts language before the succeeding
- 27 line shall be considered amendments to the same place
- 28 in the bill.
- 29 However, an amendment to strike the enacting clause
- 30 shall always be considered first. An amendment filed

- 1 by a committee shall have the next highest order of
- 2 priority, followed by an amendment to strike everything
- 3 after the enacting clause and insert new language. An
- 4 amendment to strike language or to strike and insert
- 5 new language, except an amendment to strike everything
- 6 after the enacting clause and insert new language,
- 7 shall not be considered before amendments to perfect
- 8 all or part of the same portion of the bill.
- 9 Rule 69
- 10 Motions Not Debatable
- 11 The following motions are not debatable:
- 12 l. Adjourn.
- Adjourn to a certain time.
- 3. Suspend house rules.
- 15 4. Previous question.
- 16 5. Close debate at a certain time.
- 17 6. Recess.
- 18 7. Defer.
- 19 8. Refer or rerefer.
- 20 9. Lay on the table.
- 21 10. Take from the table.
- 22 11. Call of the house.
- 23 12. Withdraw a bill or resolution from committee.
- 24 13. Appeal a decision of the chair.
- 25 14. Immediately message a bill or resolution.
- 26 Rule 69A
- 27 Constitutional Majority
- 28 1. The following motions require a constitutional
- 29 majority for approval:
- 30 a. Final passage of a bill, joint resolution, or

- 1 nullification resolution.
- 2 b. Lay on the table.
- 3 c. Take from the table.
- 4 d. Suspend house rules.
- 5 e. Previous question.
- 6 f. Withdraw a bill or resolution from committee.
- 7 g. Reconsider a bill, joint resolution, or
- 8 nullification resolution.
- 9 h. Immediately message a bill or resolution.
- 10 2. A division must be taken on any motion which
- 11 requires a constitutional majority.
- 12 Rule 70
- Motion to Adjourn
- 14 A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except
- 15 when a member is speaking or the house is voting.
- 16 Rule 71
- 17 Withdrawal of Motions
- 18 After a motion is stated by the speaker or read by
- 19 the chief clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession
- 20 of the house, but may be withdrawn by leave of the
- 21 house.
- 22 Rule 72
- 23 Unanimous Consent
- 24 Unanimous consent of the members may be asked for
- 25 suspension of any rule of the house. If there is no
- 26 objection to the request, the rule shall be considered
- 27 suspended.
- 28 Rule 73
- 29 Reconsideration
- 30 1. A motion to reconsider may be made only by a

- 1 member who voted on the prevailing side of the question
- 2 sought to be reconsidered.
- A motion to reconsider may be made not later
- 4 than adjournment on the legislative day following
- 5 the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 6 reconsidered. Where the floor manager voted on
- 7 the prevailing side, the floor manager has the
- 8 prior right to make the motion, until adjournment
- 9 on the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 10 reconsidered. A motion to reconsider a nullification
- 11 resolution shall be acted upon not later than
- 12 adjournment on the legislative day following
- 13 the legislative day of the action sought to be
- 14 reconsidered.
- 15 3. A motion to reconsider made beginning the
- 16 fifteenth week of the first regular session, or the
- 17 thirteenth week of the second regular session, may be
- 18 taken up when made. A motion made at any other time
- 19 may be taken up prior to the third legislative day
- 20 succeeding the legislative day of the action sought
- 21 to be reconsidered only if called up by the mover,
- 22 and after the second legislative day succeeding the
- 23 legislative day of the action sought to be reconsidered
- 24 if called up by any member.
- 25 4. The making of a motion to reconsider takes
- 26 precedence over all other questions.
- 5. When passage, adoption, or failure of any bill,
- 28 joint resolution, or nullification resolution is
- 29 reconsidered, questions on amendments may also be
- 30 reconsidered and shall be disposed of immediately.

In the event that a motion to reconsider 2 is pending at the end of the first session or any 3 extraordinary session of any general assembly, or the 4 general assembly adjourns sine die, and the motion to 5 reconsider has not been voted upon by the house, the 6 motion shall be determined to have failed. DIVISION VIII - VOTING 8 Rule 74 9 Manner of Voting 10 Members present may cast their votes, either by 11 operating the voting mechanism located at their 12 assigned desk or by signaling the speaker from the 13 floor of the house or from the south visitors' gallery 14 if they are unable to vote at their assigned desk. 15 Only a member may operate the voting mechanism at that 16 member's assigned desk. The speaker shall announce the 17 votes of members signaling their votes. Upon direction 18 of the speaker only those members at their desks and 19 voting shall be counted. Members who are not present 20 shall not cast their votes except: Members who have not voted may record their 21 22 votes on any record roll call vote except quorum 23 calls within ten minutes after the outcome of the 24 vote has been announced. Members shall initial their 25 recorded votes on a copy of the record roll call at the 26 speaker's station. However, if the aggregate of votes 27 cast under this rule would change the outcome of the

28 vote on a question, then none of the votes cast on the 29 question under this rule shall be recorded. A member 30 may request announcement of the names of members so

1 recorded after the ten-minute period.

- Members meeting in a conference committee
- 3 or in administrative rules review committee at the
- 4 time a vote is taken on a question may have their
- 5 vote recorded within thirty minutes or adjournment,
- 6 whichever is first, of that same legislative day,
- 7 provided the aggregate of votes cast does not change
- 8 the outcome of the vote on a question.
- 9 Rule 75
- 10 Voting in the House and Duty of Voting
- 11 Voting on a question put to members on the floor of
- 12 the house shall not occur between midnight and 8 a.m.
- 13 on any legislative day except for voting on a motion to
- 14 recess, defer, or adjourn. Except as limited in Rule
- 15 76, every member who is in the house when a question is
- 16 put shall vote unless the house has excused that member
- 17 from voting for special reasons; however, such member
- 18 must have asked to be excused from voting prior to the
- 19 time the speaker puts the question.
- 20 Rule 76
- 21 Limitation on Right to Vote
- No member shall vote on any question in which
- 23 the member or the member's immediate family member,
- 24 as defined in chapter 68B of the Code, has a direct
- 25 financial interest different from other similarly
- 26 situated persons or classes of persons of the general
- 27 public.
- 28 Rule 77
- 29 Call of the House
- 30 Upon written request of five members, the presiding

- 1 officer shall compel attendance of absent and unexcused
- 2 members for the consideration of specified bills,
- 3 resolutions, or amendments.
- 4 A call of the house shall specify the propositions
- 5 to which it is to apply and must be put into effect
- 6 before roll call is taken on the proposition. The
- 7 request may be filed with the chief clerk at any time
- 8 before final action upon the propositions, who shall
- 9 notify the house immediately.
- 10 Rule 78
- 11 Method of Calling the House
- 12 Upon a call of the house, the names of the members
- 13 shall be called by the chief clerk and the absentees
- 14 noted, after which the names of the absentees shall
- 15 again be called. The sergeant-at-arms shall be
- 16 directed by the speaker to compel the attendance of
- 17 absent members, unless they are previously excused.
- 18 Any member occupying the member's seat during a call
- 19 of the house shall be counted by the speaker and that
- 20 person's name entered in the journal as being present
- 21 for the purpose of making a quorum.
- 22 Rule 79
- 23 Method of Calling the Roll
- 24 The electrical voting machine shall be used for a
- 25 call of the house, a quorum call or a roll call vote
- 26 on any question. If the electrical voting machine is
- 27 not in operating order when it is necessary to take
- 28 a record roll call vote, the presiding officer shall
- 29 order the vote to be taken by calling the roll in
- 30 alphabetical order, except the name of the presiding

- 1 officer shall be called last.
- 2 During the casting of the vote with the voting
- 3 machine, the individual votes and the vote totals shall
- 4 be shown on the display boards. Before the voting
- 5 machine is closed, the presiding officer shall inquire
- 6 of the house, "Have you all voted?"
- 7 Rule 80
- 8 Ouorum and Record Roll Call Votes
- 9 A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum.
- 10 A record roll call vote shall be ordered upon
- 11 request of any two members. The names of the members
- 12 requesting the record roll call shall be entered in the
- 13 journal.
- 14 Rule 81
- 15 Previous Question
- 16 When a member moves for the previous question, the
- 17 member shall state whether the motion will apply to the
- 18 main question, to all the amendments, or to particular
- 19 amendments. The motion requires an affirmative vote of
- 20 at least a constitutional majority of the members. I
- 21 the motion for a previous question is not adopted, the
- 22 house shall proceed in the same manner as before the
- 23 motion was made.
- 24 If the motion is adopted, all debate must end and
- 25 the house will vote upon the question except:
- 26 l. If the motion applies to the main question, the
- 27 member in charge of the measure will have ten minutes
- 28 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before
- 29 the vote on the measure is taken.
- 30 2. If the motion applies to an amendment, the

- 1 member proposing the amendment will have five minutes
- 2 to speak for the purpose of closing discussion before
- 3 the vote on the amendment is taken.
- 4 3. If a member has filed a written request with
- 5 the chief clerk of the house indicating the member's
- 6 desire to speak on a particular question. The request
- 7 must be filed before the motion is made by the movant.
- 8 The request allows a member to speak on a particular
- 9 question before the closing discussion by the member
- 10 who is in charge of the measure or who is proposing the
- 11 amendment.
- 12 Rule 82
- 13 Division of the Question
- 14 Any member may call for a division of the question,
- 15 which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so
- 16 distinct that one being taken away, the remainder may
- 17 stand separately for discussion by the house. Upon
- 18 request to divide an amendment, the chief clerk shall
- 19 restate the division and note the divided amendment in
- 20 the house journal. An amendment to strike out being
- 21 lost shall not preclude an amendment to strike out and
- 22 insert. An amendment to strike out and insert shall be
- 23 deemed indivisible.